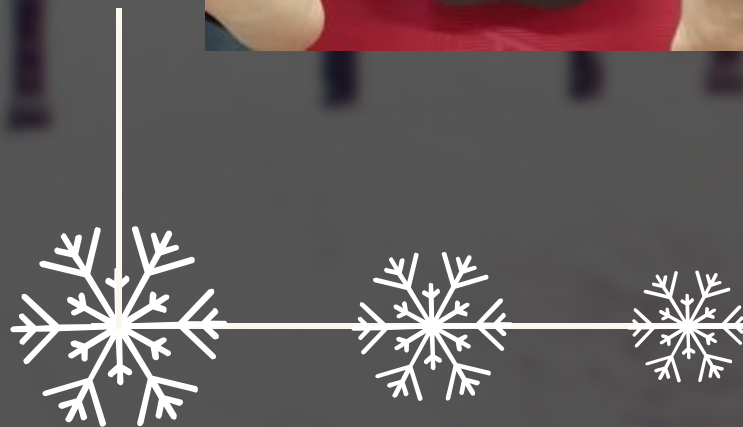


# A Few Weeks Ago...



2016



# The Application of DNS in Non-specific Low Back Pain

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# C contents

1st .The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP

2nd .Why could DNS be effective to LBP

3rd . Live Demonstration



# Part One

The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP

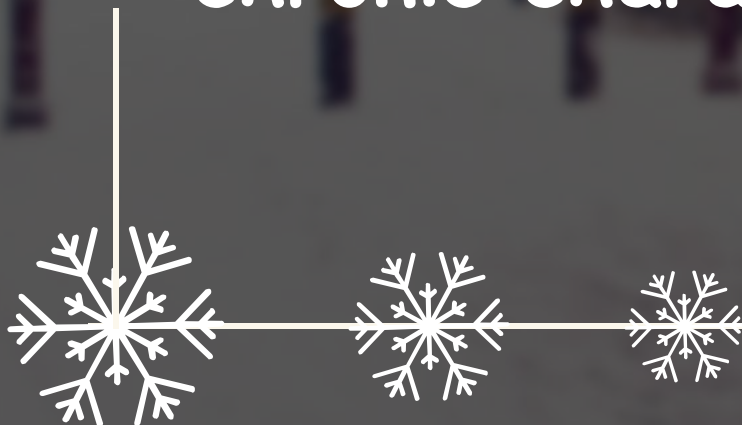


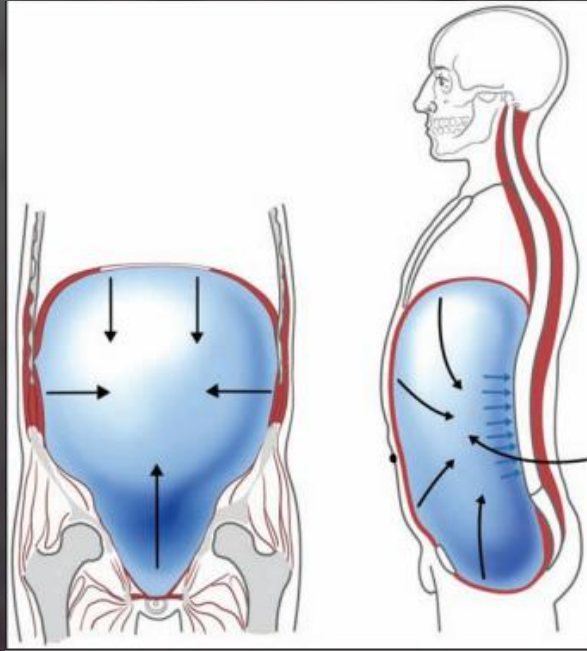


# 1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP



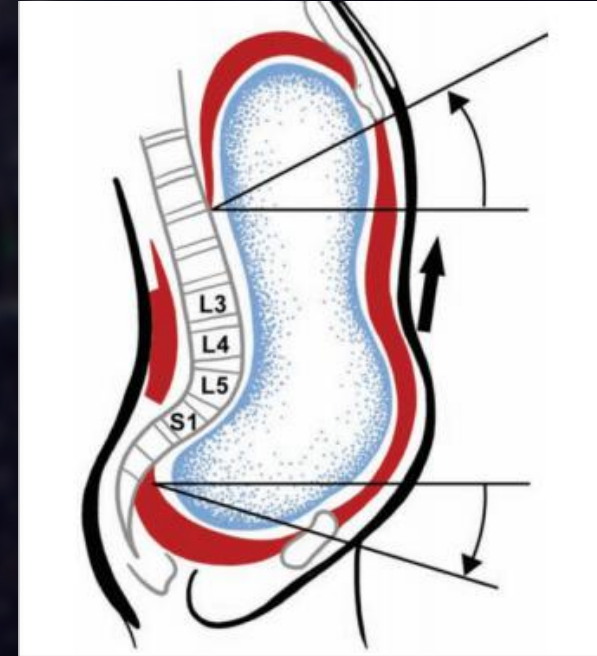
- A. No specific injury
- B. A lack of systemic disease
- C. Morphological changes of chronic character (Jan Šulc, 2012)





(Pavel, 2013)

Intra-abdominal Pressure (IAP)



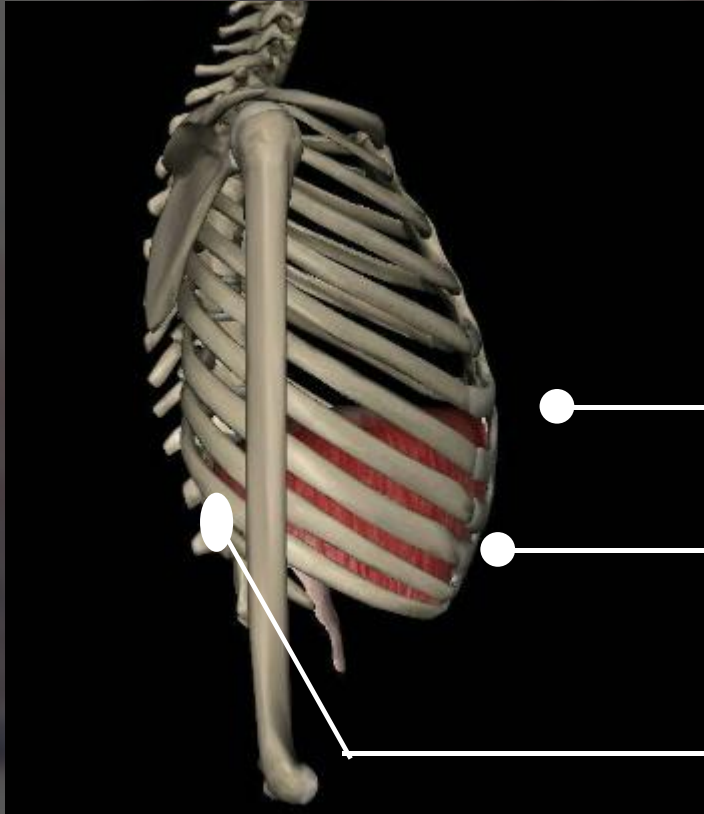
(Pavel, 2013)

Integrated Spine Stabilizing System (ISSS)





1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP—IAP



(3D Body)

Anterior Part

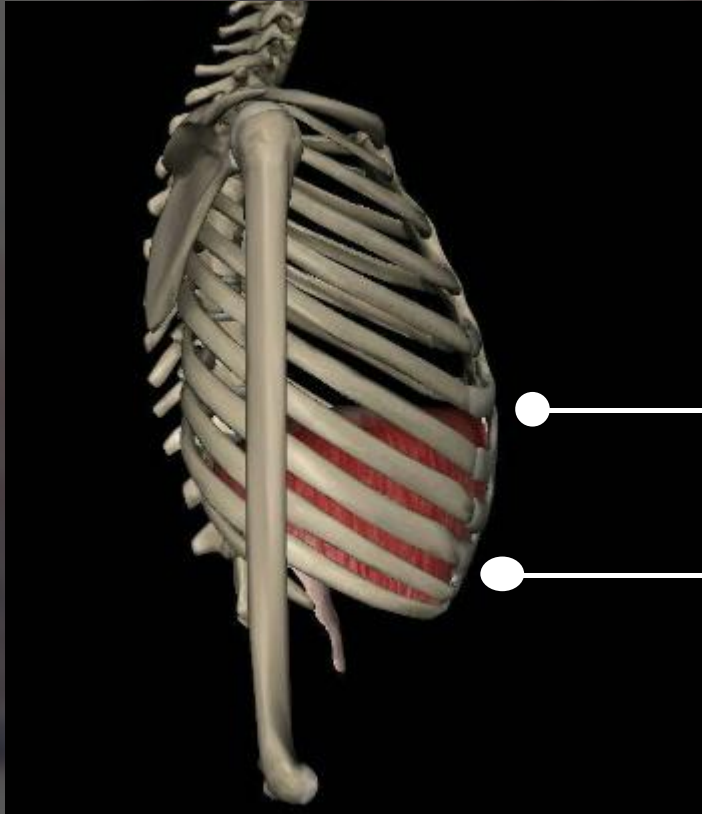
Medial Part

Posterior Part

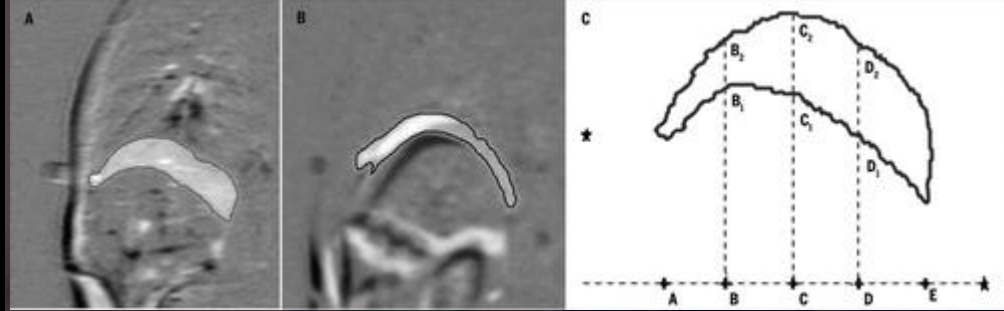
Symmetric recruitment of all parts (Vostatek, 2013)



# 1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP—IAP



(3D Body)

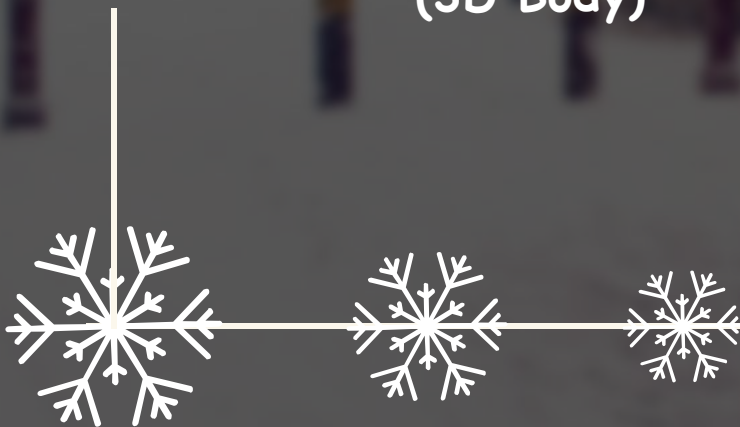


(Pavel, 2012)

Anterior Part

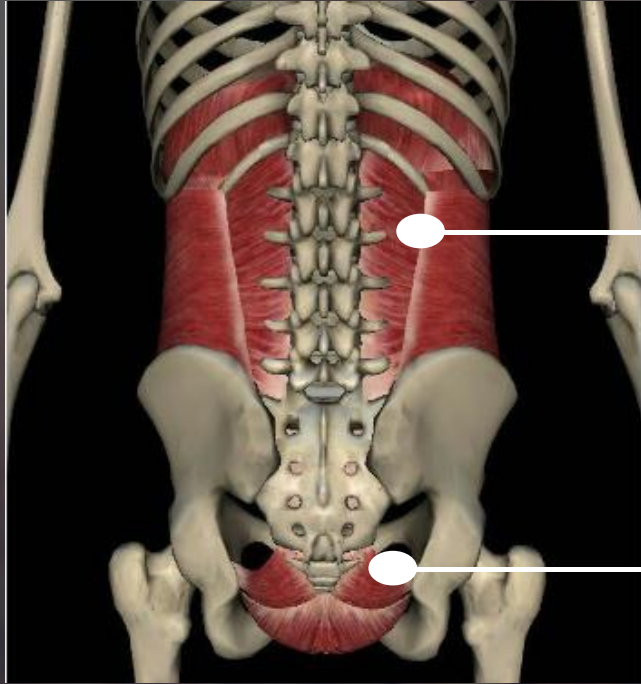
Medial Part

- Asymmetric diaphragmatic activation
- A steeper slope of the crural part
- Inadequate IAP (Vostatek, 2013)





# 1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP—IAP



Transverse abdominis



Pelvic floor muscle

(3D Body)

The contraction resulting :

- Increasing tension of the thoracolumbar fascia
- Their own length-tension relationship

(Therapeutic Exercise Foundations and Techniques, 6th Edition.)



# 1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP—IAP



When IAP was decreased by

**1.8-5.9 kPa,**

the spinal stiffness was decreased by

**8-31%** at the end of a normal

expiratory effort. (Stokes,2011)

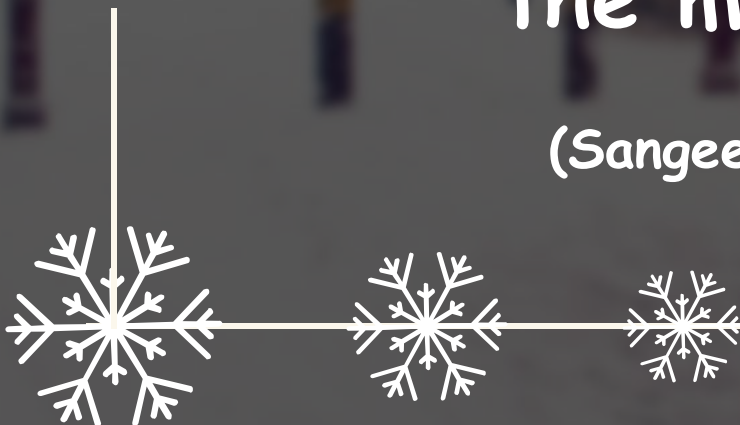






- The intrinsic stabilizing muscles provide stiffness of spine.
- They should be activated before the movement of our limbs.

(Sangeeta Sangwan, 2014)



# 1 The Mechanism of Non-specific LBP—IAP+ISSS

ISSS consists of intrinsic muscles

+

Inadequate IAP

- Spinal curves may become exaggerated.
- Passive structural support is called on.
- Strain occurs with creep and fluid redistribution.
- Making them vulnerable to injury and causing pain at the end. (Pavel, 2013)







# Part Two

Why could DNS be effective to LBP





# What is DNS?



- Dynamic Neuromuscular Stabilization(DNS)
- A new method of intrinsic locomotor system stabilization

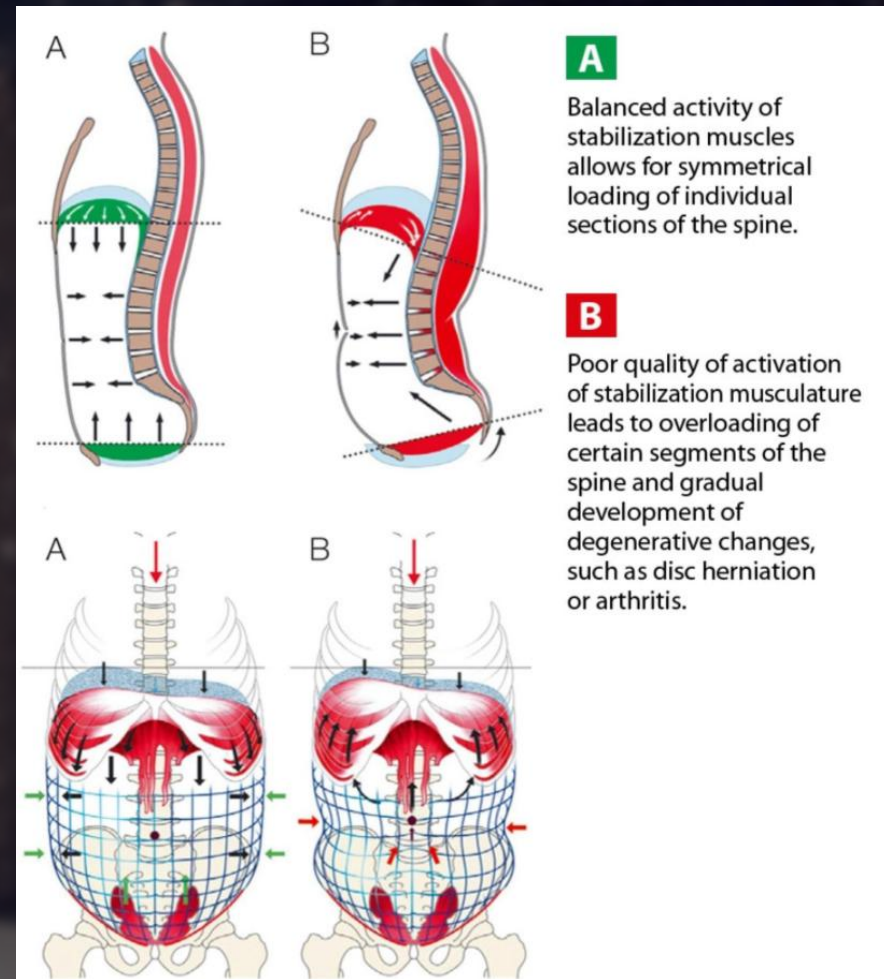
( Czech P , 2015 )





# The integrated stabilizing system of the spine

- The multifidi
- The deep neck flexors
- The diaphragm
- The abdominal wall
- The pelvic floor



( Kolar P , 2013 )



# DNS therapeutic system

Activating the stabilizers and training the patients' brain



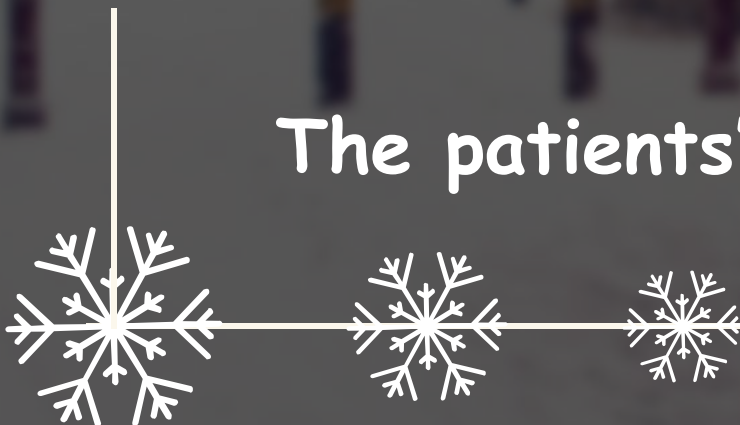
to Regain the best breathing pattern and IAP



The patients' voluntary control



(xinzhu , 2014)







# Part Three

Demonstration



# Kolar intra-abdominal pressure Test



(<http://www.rehabps.com>)

- Lie
- Flex
- Hair line, scapular and waist
- Withdraw



# 3 Demonstration



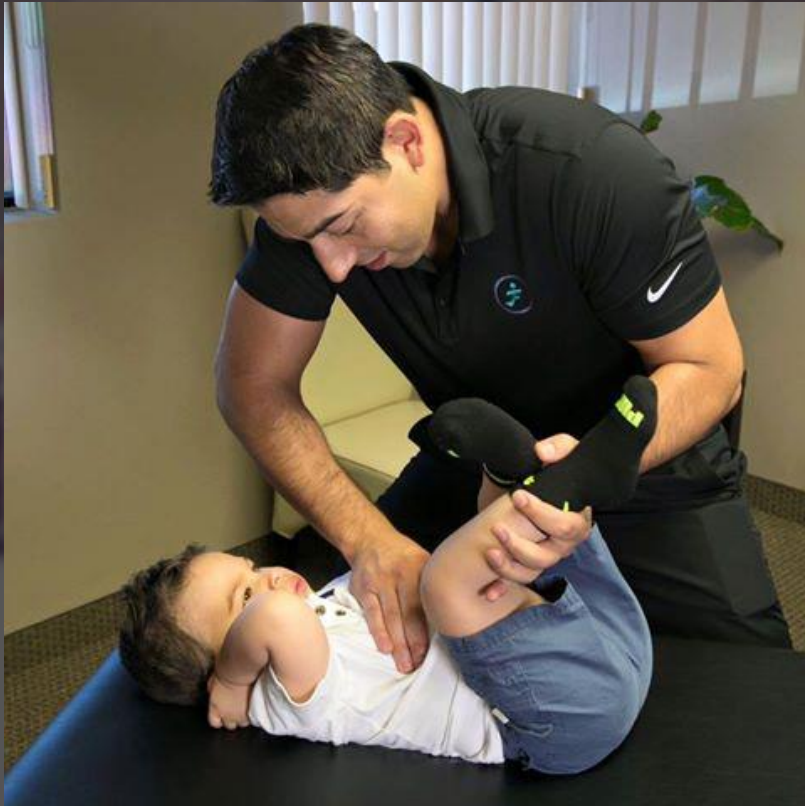
Wrong breathing  
pattern,  
diaphragm

The muscles  
next to spine  
are activated.

Weak,  
Impaired,  
Pain



# Exercise



- Diaphragm on the right position
- Deep core muscles, resist
- Feedback

(<http://www.rehabps.com>)



# Stepped-up Exercise



- Perplex
- Touch knee or feet
- 3 months to 6 months



(<http://cn.bing.com>)

# Stepped-up Exercise



- Bear load



(Clare Frank , 2013)



# 3 Demonstration

## Benefits

Facilitate abdominal pressurization



Produce spinal unloading

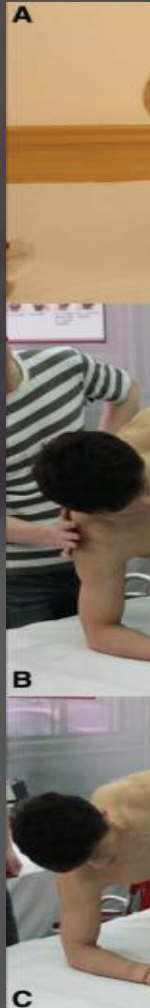
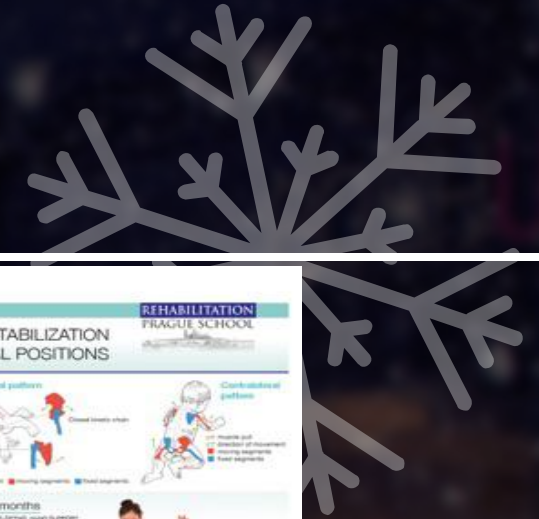


Produce increased stability



(Milanesi ,2016)

# Stepped-up Exercise



**DYNAMIC NEUROMUSCULAR STABILIZATION EXERCISES IN DEVELOPMENTAL POSITIONS**

REHABILITATION FRAGILE SCHOOL

www.rehabps.com

**DNS**

Dynamic Neuromuscular Stabilization

Stability of posture

Control of posture

Part I: 3-7 MONTH PATTERNS

3 months prone

3 months supine

4 months prone

4.5 months prone

5 months prone

5 months supine

6 months prone

6 months supine

7 months prone

7 months quadrupedal



**DYNAMIC NEUROMUSCULAR STABILIZATION EXERCISES IN DEVELOPMENTAL POSITIONS**

REHABILITATION FRAGILE SCHOOL

www.rehabps.com

**DNS**

Dynamic Neuromuscular Stabilization

Stability of posture

Control of posture

Part II: 7-13 MONTH PATTERNS

7 months prone

8 months prone

9 months quadrupedal

10 months quadrupedal

11 months quadrupedal

11 months quadrupedal

12 months quadrupedal

12 months quadrupedal

13 months quadrupedal



(<http://www.rehabps.com>) (Clare Frank, 2013)



# Brief Conclusion

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1. DNS is a new perspective.
2. PTs usually apply this position to non-specific LBP.
3. Teach our patients to exercise in a right pattern.

——<http://www.rehabps.com>



**The approach to right pattern is better...**



# Reference

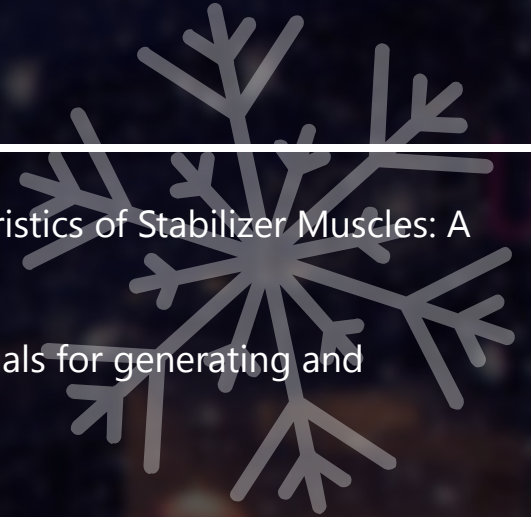
DNS Official Website: <http://www.rehabps.com>

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**Thanks for Your Attention !**

